



# Bash Scripting Part 3

P. TenHoopen - WMLUG



# Loops

A loop is a block of code that iterates (repeats) a list of commands as long as the loop control condition is true.

Bash loop types:

- for
- while
- until



# for Loop

for loop

This is the basic loop.

Syntax:

```
for arg in [list]
do
    command(s)
done
```

Example:

```
for color in Red Blue Purple "Light Green"
do
    echo $color
done
```



## While Loop

# While Loop

This loop type tests for a condition at the top of the loop and keeps looping as long as that condition is true, where true is an exit status of 0.

## Syntax

```
while [ condition ]  
do  
    command(s)  
done
```

## Example:

```
loopvar=1  
while [ "$loopvar" -lt "3" ]  
do  
    echo "$loopvar"  
    let "loopvar += 1"  
done
```



until Loop

# Until Loop

This loop type tests for a condition at the top of a loop and keeps looping as long as that condition is false which is the opposite of a while loop.

Syntax:

```
until [ condition-is-true ]  
do  
    command(s)  
done
```

Example:

```
loopvar=1  
until [ "$loopvar" -gt "3" ]  
do  
    echo "$loopvar"  
    let "loopvar += 1"  
done
```



# Loop Control - break

The break command exits out of a loop.

## Example:

```
#!/bin/bash

echo "Counting 1 to 3 using a while loop"

loopvar=1
while [ "$loopvar" -lt "4" ]
do
    echo "$loopvar"
    let "loopvar += 1"
done
```



# Loop Control - continue

The continue command skips to the next loop iteration.

Example:

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
echo "Counting 1 to 3 Monty Python style using while and continue"
```

```
loopvar=0
```

```
while [ "$loopvar" -lt "5" ]
```

```
do
```

```
    let "loopvar += 1"
```

```
    if [ "$loopvar" -eq 3 ] || [ "$loopvar" -eq 4 ] # skip 3 and 4
```

```
    then
```

```
        continue      # Skip rest of this particular loop iteration.
```

```
    fi
```

```
    echo "$loopvar"
```

```
done
```



# case

The case command tests a condition and then branches to the appropriate code block.

Syntax:

```
case "$variable" in
    "$condition1" )
        command(s)
        ;;
    "$condition2" )
        command(s)
        ;;
esac
```





# case Example

```
while [ 1 ] # loop forever
do
    echo "Menu"
    echo "Option 1"
    echo "Option 2"

    echo -n "Enter your choice (q to quit):"
    read input

    case "$input" in
        "1" )
            echo
            echo "You entered 1"
            ;;
        "2" )
            echo
            echo "You entered 2"
            ;;
        "q" | "Q" )
            break
            ;;
    esac
done
```



# Putting it all together

```
#!/bin/bash

# demoscript3.sh
# Script to demo use of while loop, for loop, and case statement
# P. TenHooopen, 01/29/08

clear

while [ 1 ] # loop forever
do
    echo
    echo "Menu"
    echo
    echo "Option 1 - List temp files"
    echo "Option 2 - Delete temp files"
    echo

    echo -n "Enter your choice (q to quit): "

    read input

    case "$input" in
        "1" )
            echo
            echo "Listing temp files in current directory"
            echo
            ls *.tmp
            ;;
        "2" )
            echo
            echo "Preparing to delete temp files in current directory"
            echo
            echo -n "OK to continue? (y/n): "
            read ans
            if [[ $ans = "y" || $ans = "Y" ]]
            then
                echo "Deleting temp files in current directory..."
                for filename in *.tmp
                do
                    echo "Deleting file $filename"
                    rm -f $filename
                done
            fi
            ;;
        "q" | "Q" )
            echo
            break
            ;;
        * )
            echo
            echo "Invalid option"
            ;;
    esac
done
```